The Islamic Celebration: Eid al-Fitr

What is Ramadan?

Ramadan is a religious Islamic festival that is celebrated by Muslim people. Usually falling between June, July and August and lasting from dawn until sunset for 29 or 30 days. Ramadan is a very important time for Muslims and is celebrated all over the world. During Ramadan, Muslims must pray and fast, which are two of the five duties that they must obey.

Why do Muslims fast?

Each day during the month of Ramadan, Muslims all over the world do not eat or drink from dawn until sunset. At the end of the day after sunset, Muslim families will often all eat together and celebrate their day of fasting. Fasting is meant to teach Muslims to be self-disciplined. The prophet Muhammad was one of the first Muslims to fast - other Muslims must follow his example.



How do Muslims mark the end of Ramadan?

The end of Ramadan is a big celebration called 'Eid al-Fitr': The Festival of the Breaking of the Fast. Muslims celebrate the end of fasting and thank Allah for helping them to be strong enough to fast. Eid al-Fitr officially begins when the first sight of the new moon is seen in the sky.



How is Eid al-Fitr celebrated?

On the first morning of Eid al-Fitr, many Muslims meet for special prayers and have breakfast. They put on their best clothes for what will be their first meal in daylight for a month. At their meal, Muslims will often give gifts and cards to each other. Celebrations continue for up to three days, and usually include gatherings to view the new moon, decorating homes inside and out, family visits, eating special foods, neighbourhood parties and wearing special, new clothes. People wish each other 'Eid Mubarak' (Blessed Eid) or 'Eid Said' (Happy Eid).

Did you know?

An estimated 2.1 billion Muslims all over the world will celebrate Eid al-Fitr to mark the end of Ramadan.

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Questions About Eid al-Fitr

Answer the following questions using full sentences that give as much detail as possible.

1.	What is Ramadan?
2.	What does the verb 'to fast' mean?
3.	What does 'Eid al-Fitr' mean?
4.	What do many Muslim families do after sunset during Ramadam?
5.	Who do Muslims thank at the end of Ramadan? Why?
6.	List three activites that Muslims may take part in during their Eid al-Fitr celebrations.
7.	How many estimated people will take part in Eid al-Fitr celebrations this year?
8.	Can you think why Ramadan fasting is more challenging to complete when it falls during the summer months?



Questions About Eid al-Fitr

Answers

1. What is Ramadan?

Ramadan is a religious Islamic festival that is celebrated by Muslim people.

2. What does the verb 'to fast' mean?

'To fast' means to abstain from eating food for religious reasons.

3. What does 'Eid al-Fitr' mean?

The end of Ramadan is a big celebration called 'Eid al-Fitr': The Festival of the Breaking of the Fast.

4. What do many Muslim families do after sunset during Ramadam?

At the end of the day after sunset, Muslim families will often all eat together and celebrate their day of fasting.

5. Who do Muslims thank at the end of Ramadan? Why?

Muslim people give thanks to Allah for giving them the strength to get through the month of fasting.

6. List three activites that Muslims may take part in during their Eid al-Fitr celebrations.

Pupils must list three activities from:

- Meet for special prayers and have breakfast.
- Give gifts and cards to each other.
- · Gather to view the new moon.
- · Decorate their homes inside and out.
- · Visit family.
- Eat special foods.
- Hold neighbourhood parties.
- Wear new/special clothes.
- 7. How many estimated people will take part in Eid al-Fitr celebrations this year?

An estimated 2.1 billion Muslims all over the World will celebrate Eid al-Fitr to mark the end of Ramadan.

8. Can you think why Ramadan fasting is more challenging to complete when it falls during the summer months?

Ramadan fasting is more challenging during the summer months because the sun rises earlier and sets later. This means the daylight hours time period that Muslim people must fast for each day is much longer.