**L.O: To compare the teeth of carnivores, herbivores and omnivores**

Watch these video clips about different animals and their teeth:

<https://www.bbc.com/bitesize/articles/z846gdm>

<https://www.bbc.com/teach/class-clips-video/science-ks2-teeth-how-they-help-animals-eat/zr8ygwx>

Sort the animal skulls into groups **(carnivores, herbivores and omnivores)**. Look carefully at the teeth. What might they eat? What animal might they be? What is different about the teeth in each group?

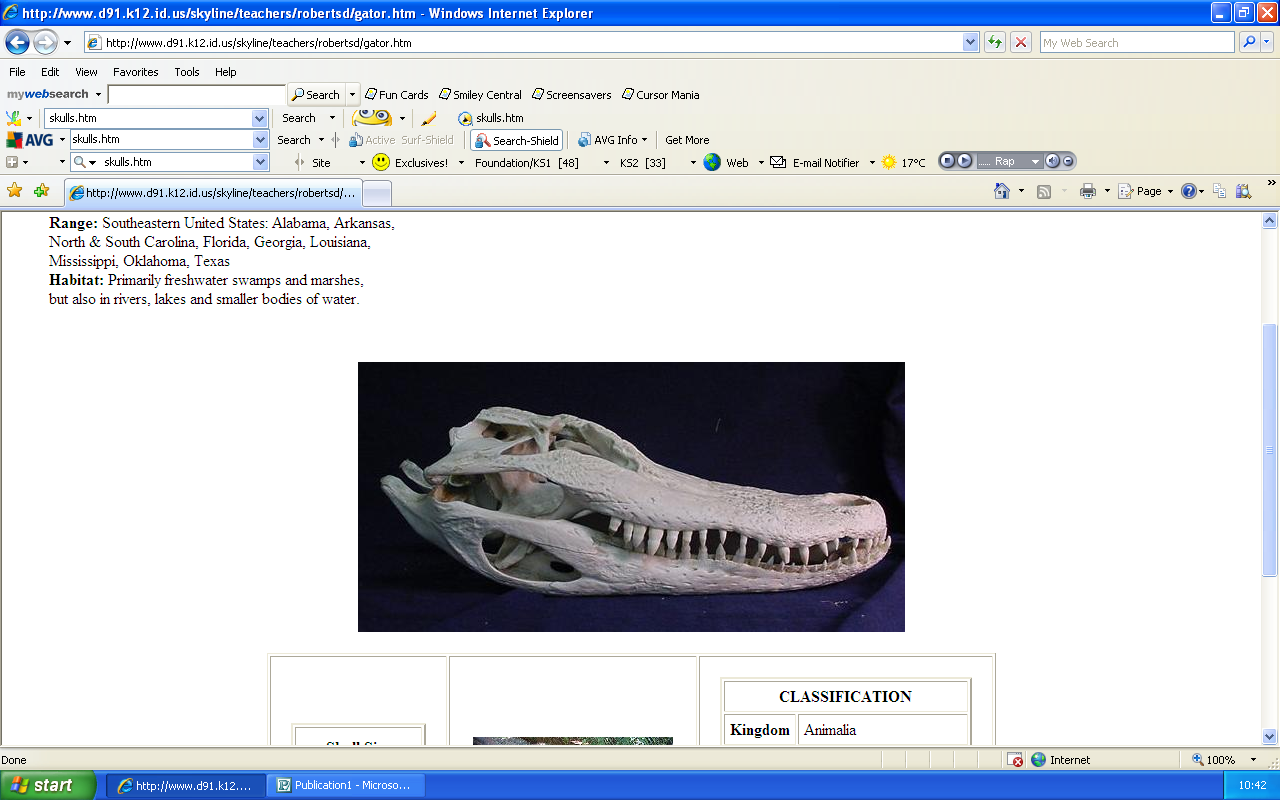
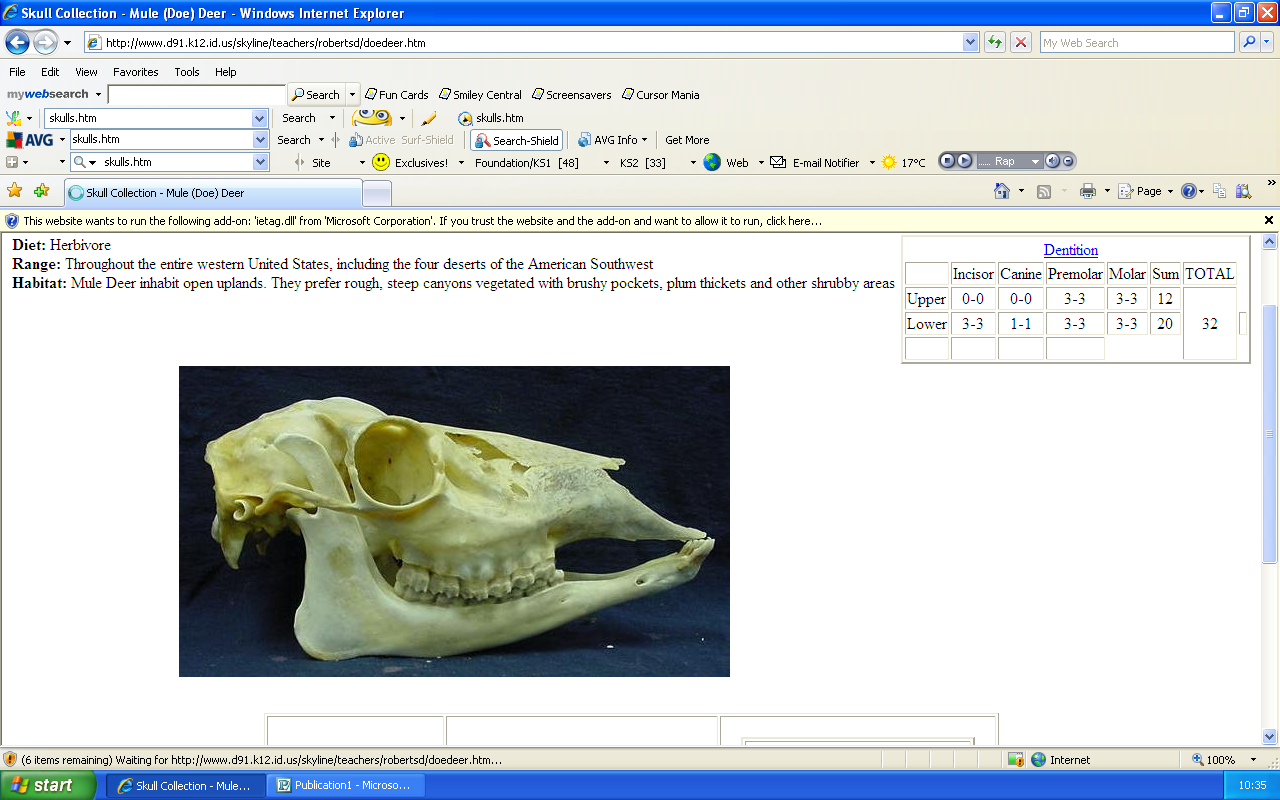
**Steps to Success:**

1. Cut out the Headings
2. Cut out each picture and put them in groups underneath each heading.
3. Think about what animal you think it is.
4. Think about what the animal might eat from the shape of their teeth.

**Carnivores**

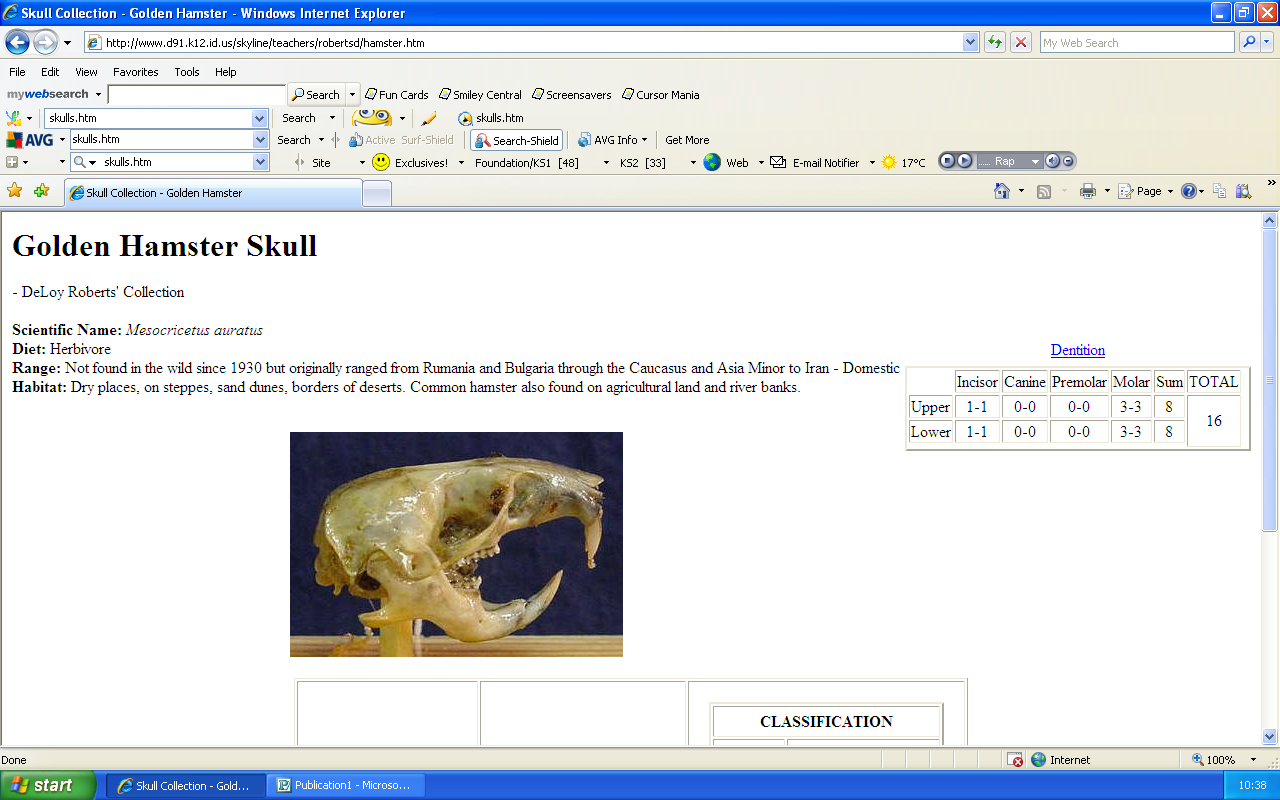
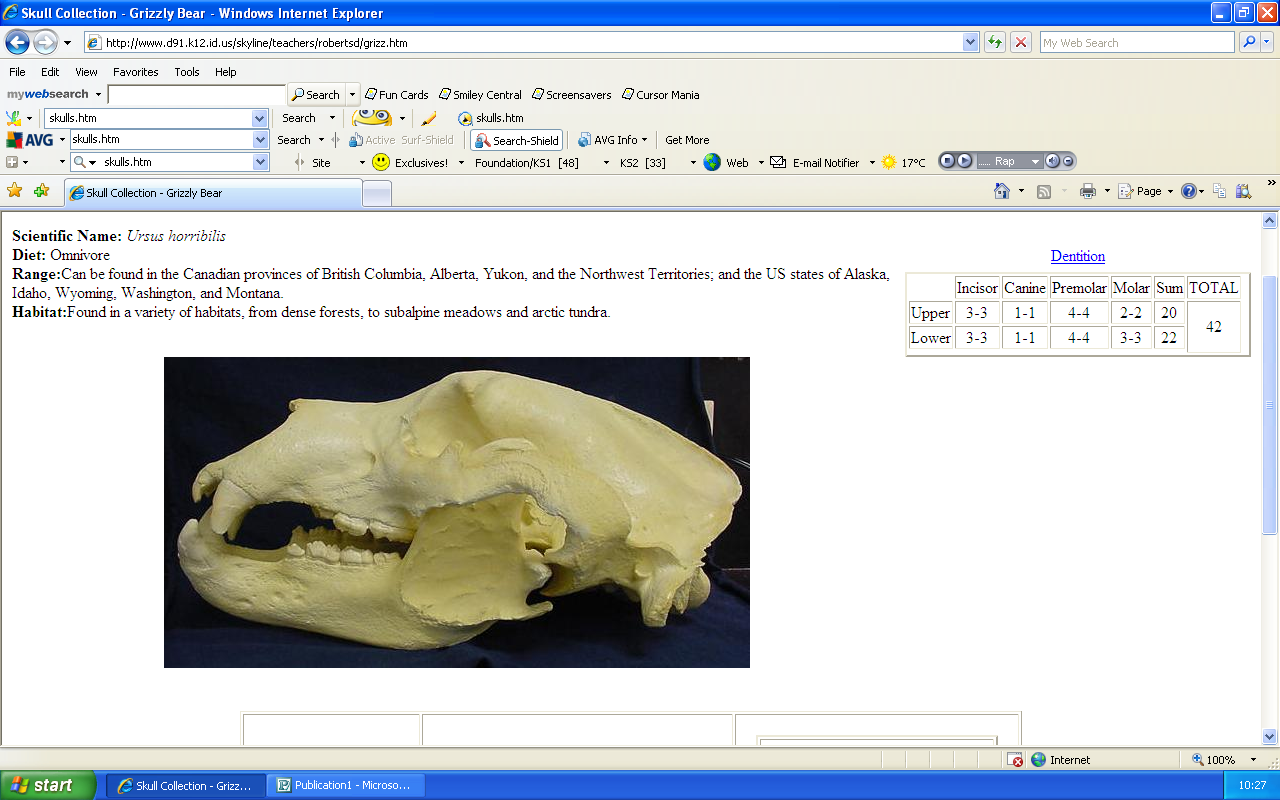
**Herbivores**

**Omnivores**



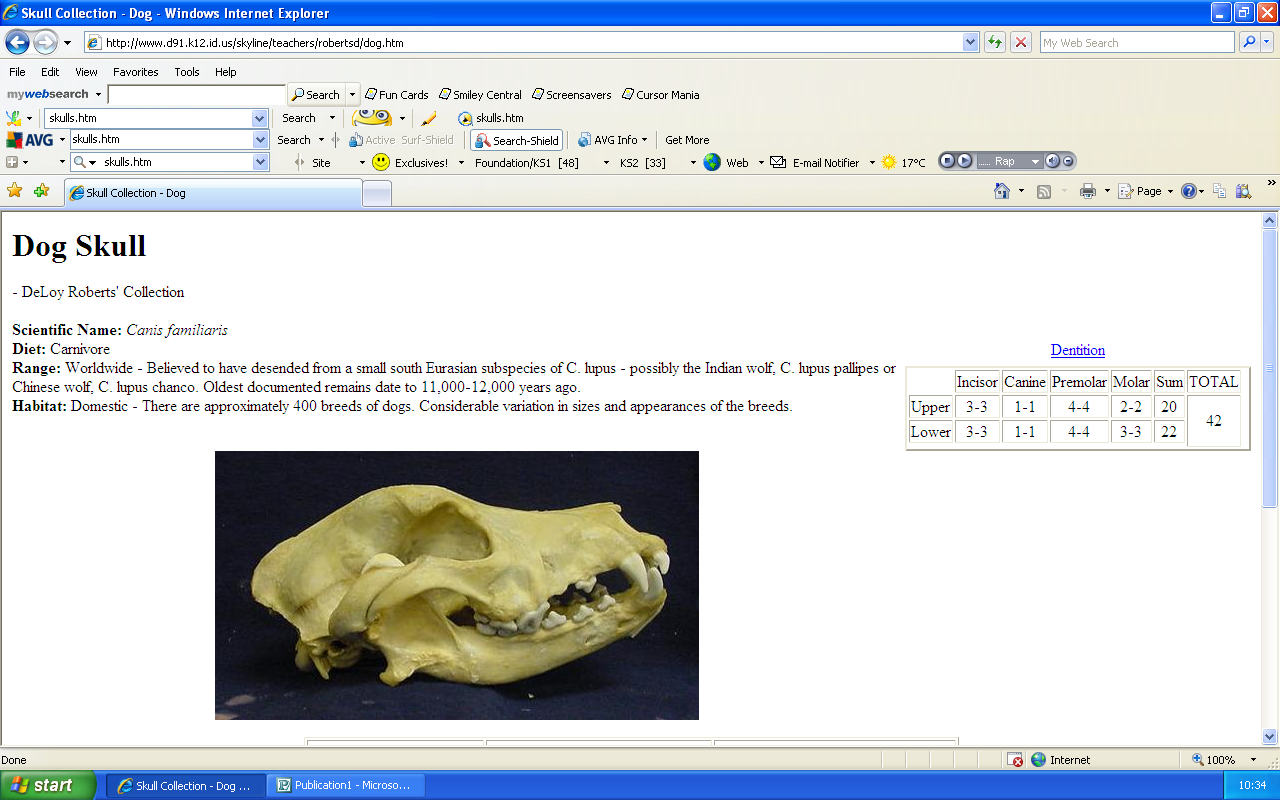
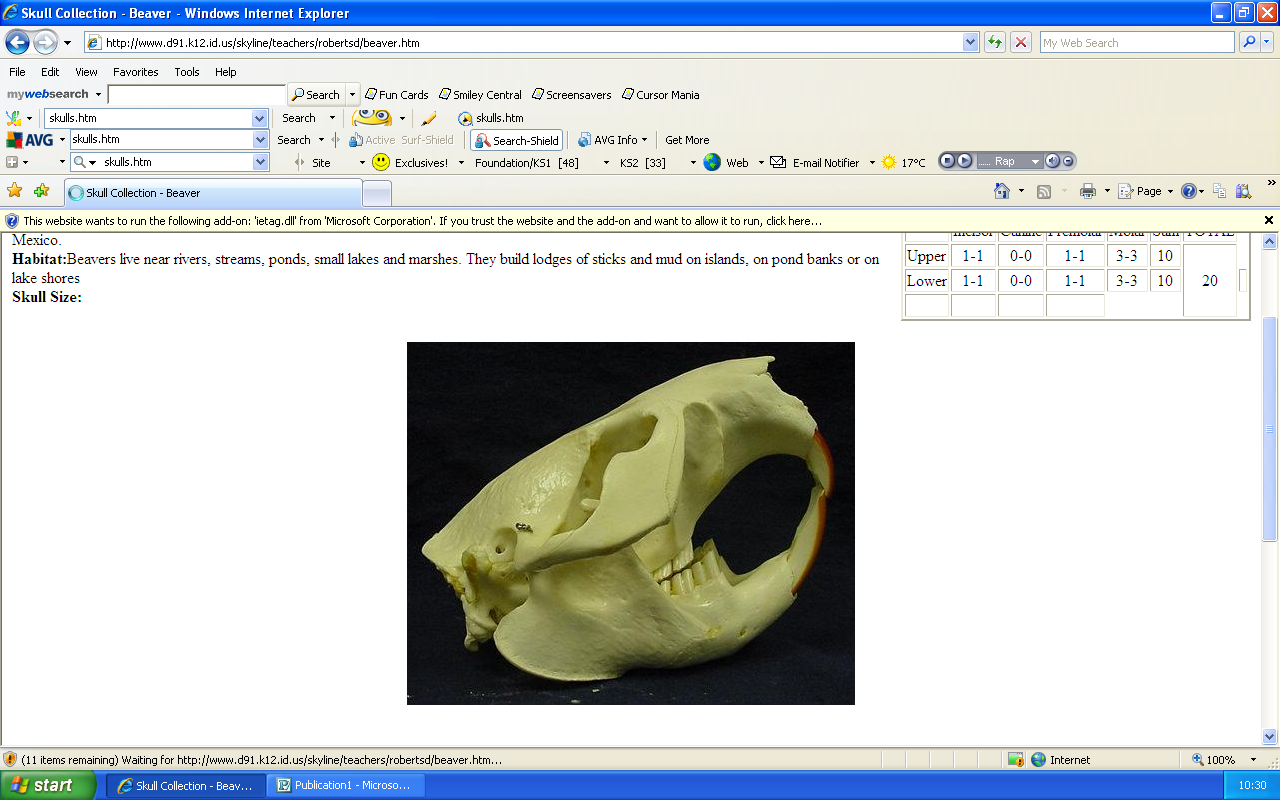
**11**

**6**



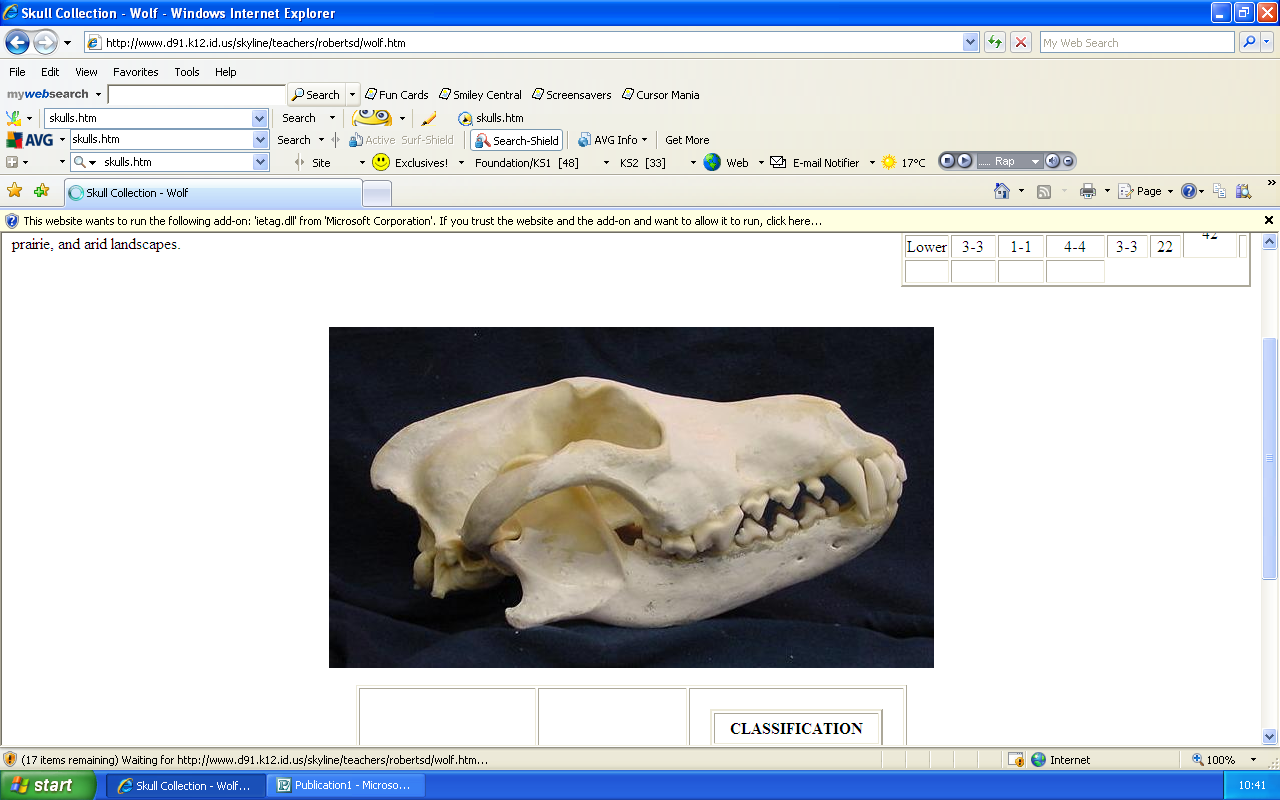
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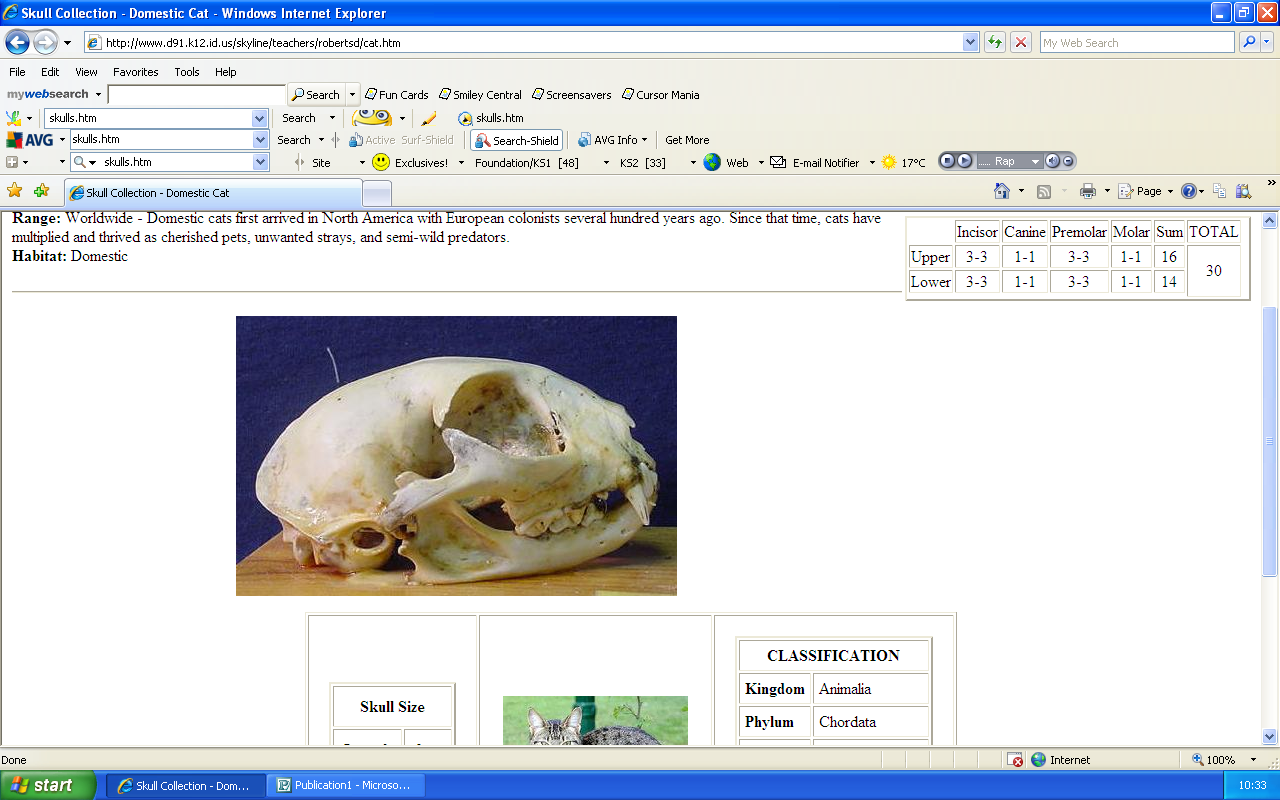
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**5**

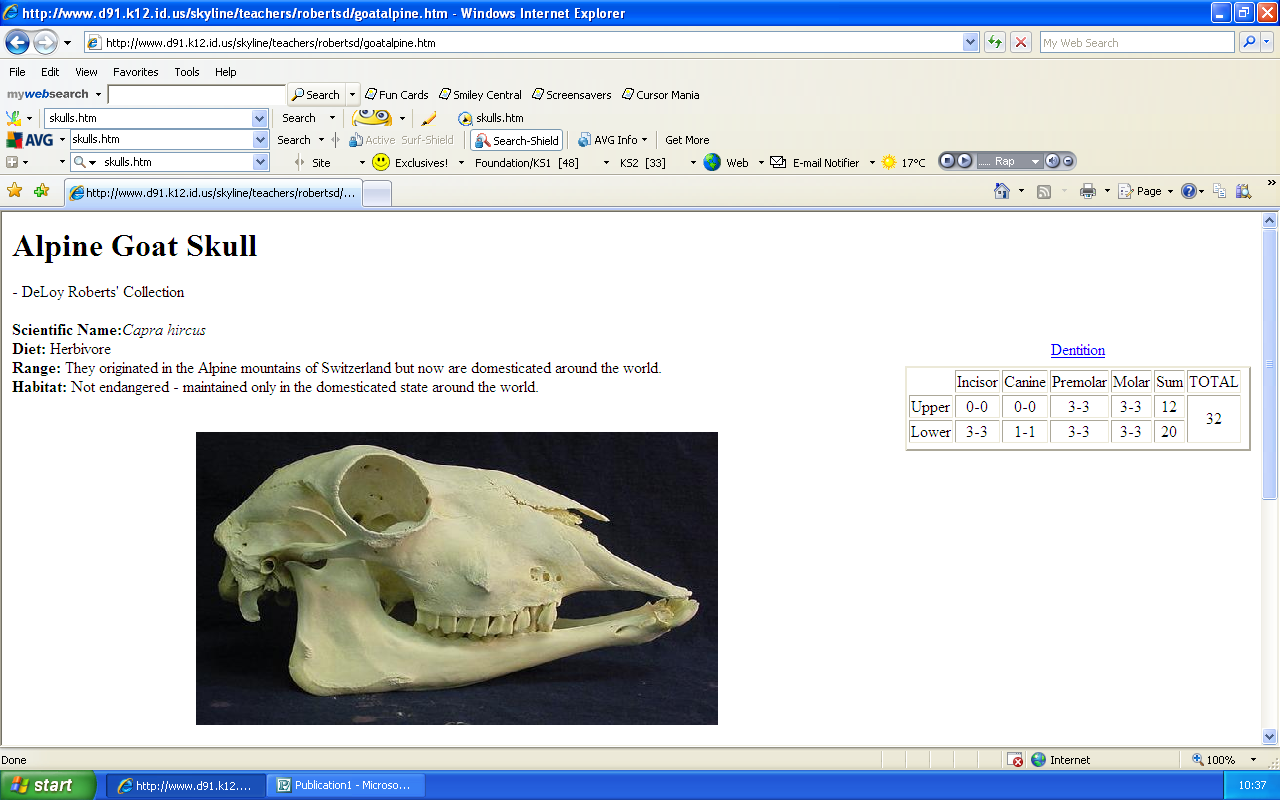
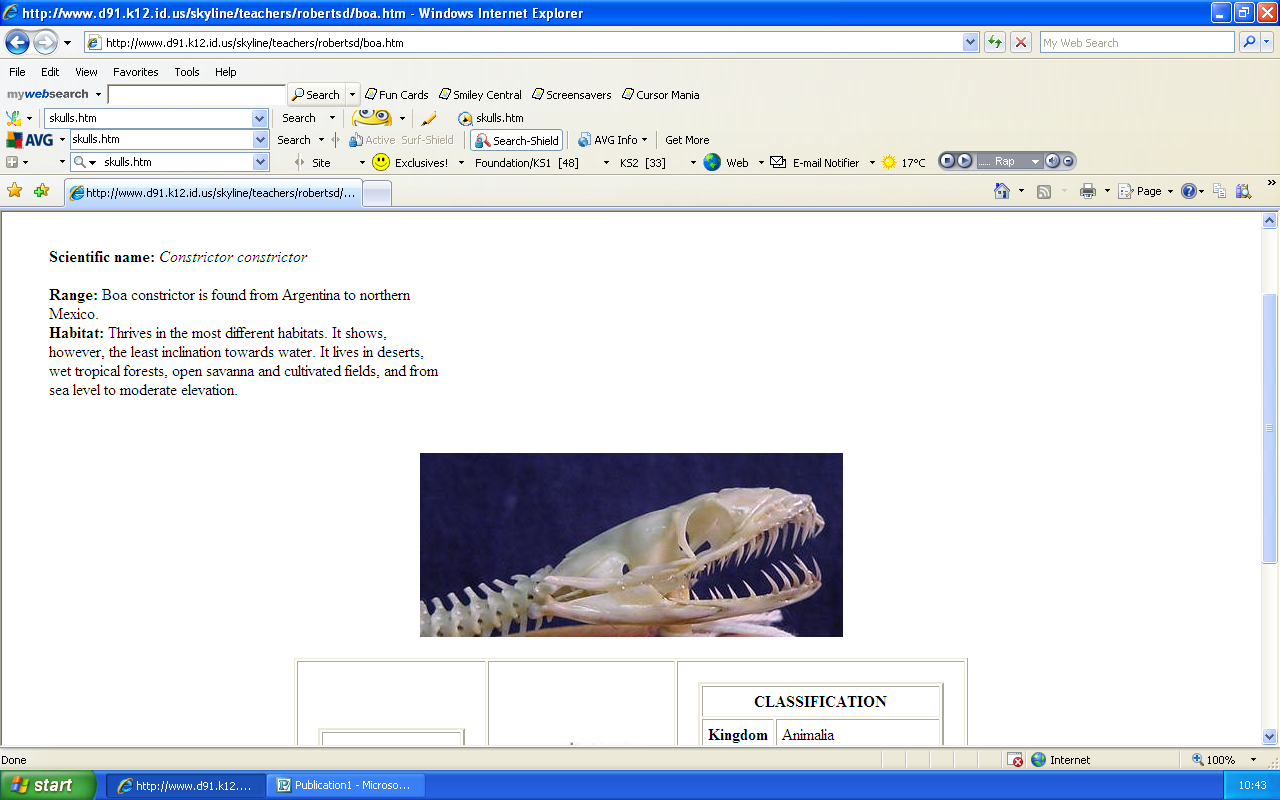
**2**





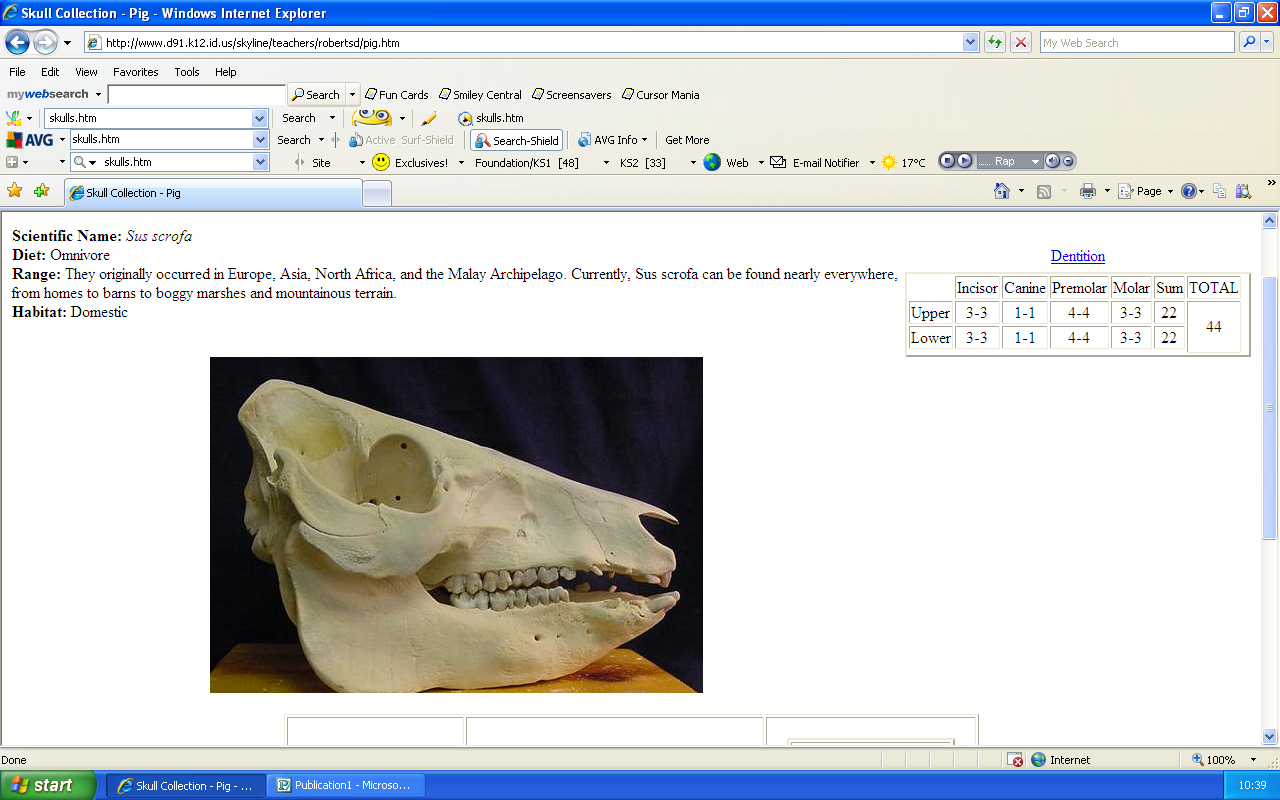
**4**

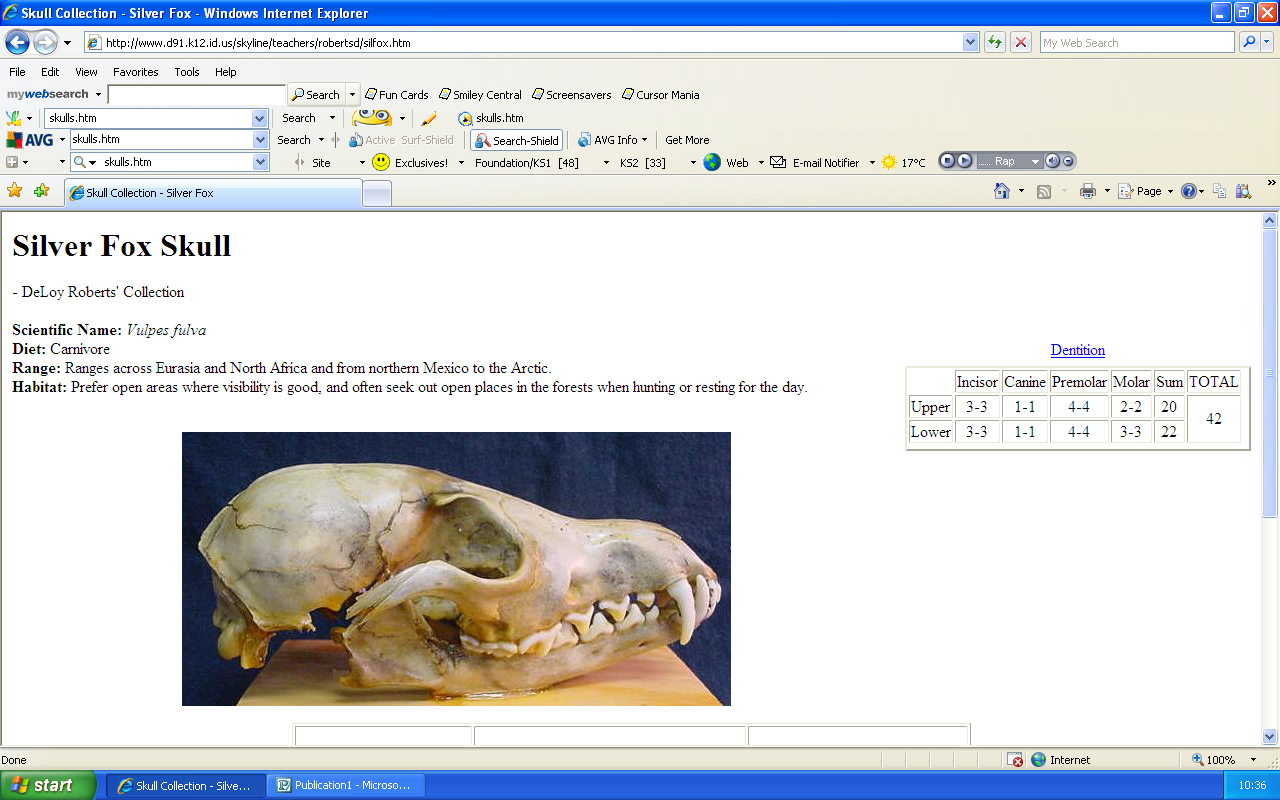
**10**



**12**

**8**

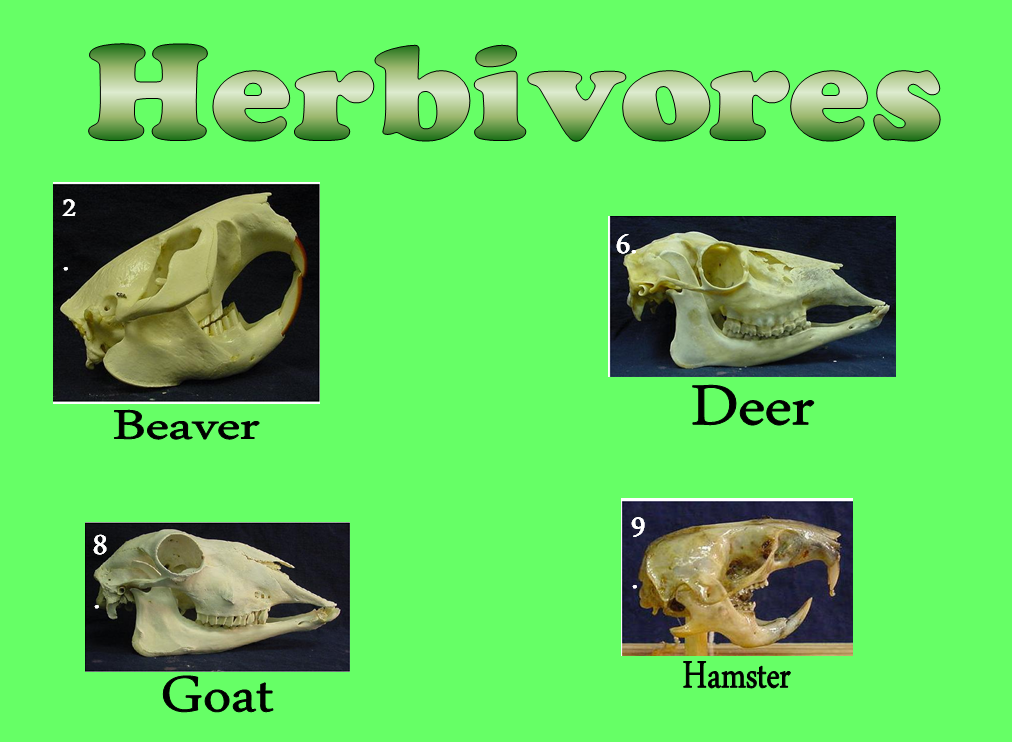


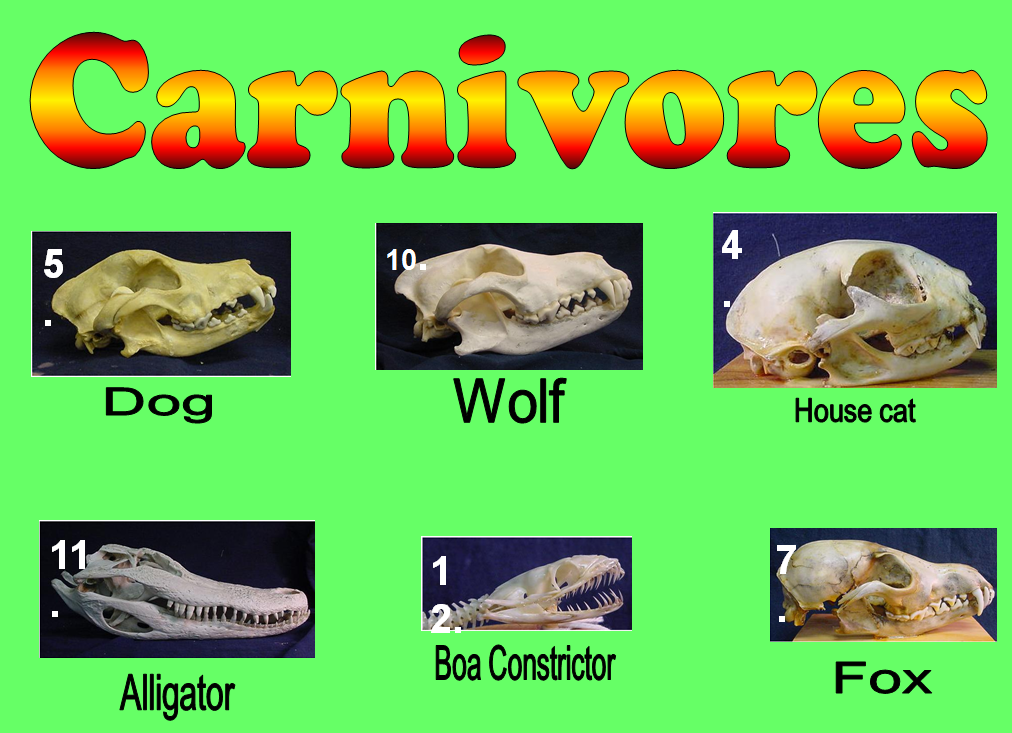


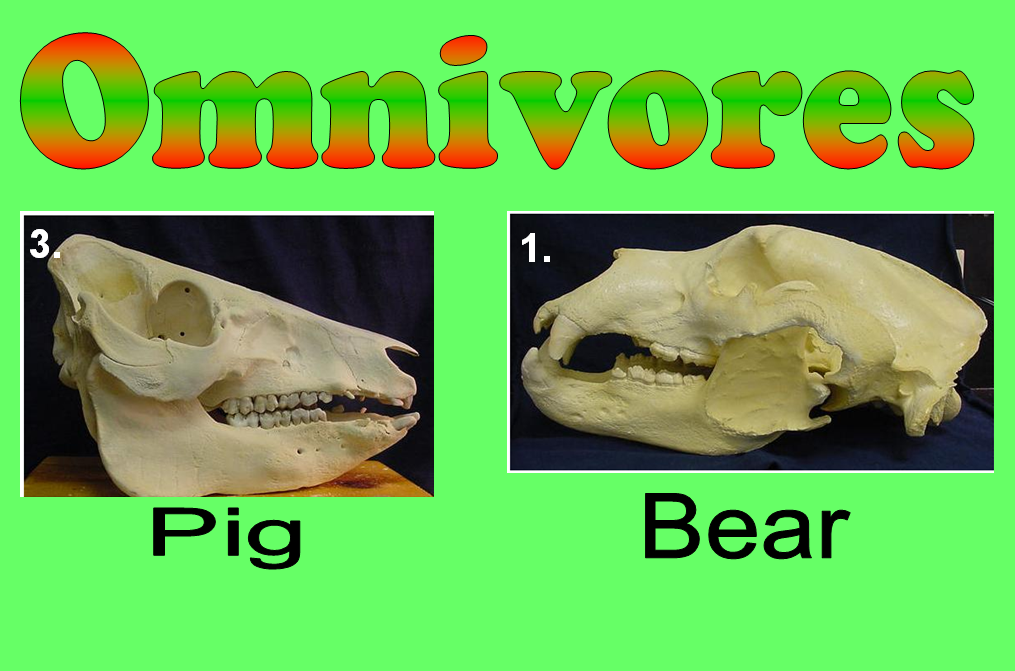
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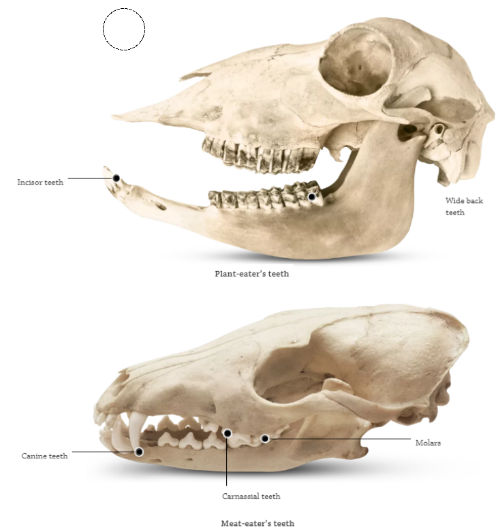
**3**

Answers







**L.O To compare the teeth of carnivores, herbivores and omnivores.**

**Task**

Fill in the missing words on the sheet.

The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of an animal`s teeth tells us what kind of food ` it eats. Horses, camels, cows, sheep and goats are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which means they eat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They have rows of wide, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ teeth for chewing grass, leaves and other tough plants. Lions, tigers, wolves and foxes are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which means they eat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They have long, pointed teeth to grip their \_\_\_\_\_ and sharp teeth for cutting up meat. Carnivores do not have flat chewing teeth because they swallow their food in chunks. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are animals that eat meat and plants so they have a mixture of sharp teeth and flat teeth.

` **Word Bank**

Herbivores Omnivores Carnivores Plants  
  
 Meat Prey Shape Flat